# COMPLETE ROAD SIGNS CHEAT SHEET

## YOUR 3-STEP PASS PLAN

✓ Step 1 – Road Signs Cheat Sheet (this guide)
Quickly learn all the key road signs you'll see on the test and on the road.

✓ Step 2 – Complete STATE-SPECIFIC DMV Cheat Sheet
All the rules, right-of-way situations, fines and "trick" questions for your state.

✓ Step 3 – Full STATE-SPECIFIC Practice Tests
Realistic practice questions so your actual exam feels familiar and stress-free.

👉 Ready for the next steps?
Get your State's Complete DMV Cheat Sheet + Practice Tests here:
Click Here for Complete Cheatsheet

**More than 99% of those who used our 2025 cheat sheets and practice exams successfully *passed their written test* on their first attempt.**

# Know The Colors of Road Signs

Road signs are color-coded to help drivers understand what topic is being communicated. Here is a guide to the colors:

**Red:** Red signs are regulatory signs and are used to indicate prohibitive or restrictive instructions. They often signify "stop," "yield," or "do not enter" instructions, indicating actions that are not allowed or require caution.

**Black and White**: Black and white signs are regulatory signs, providing specific regulations to drivers. Speed limits, specific instructions, or directions related to regulatory actions are often displayed in black and white.

**Yellow or Amber**: Yellow or amber signs are usually warning signs. They indicate upcoming hazards, changes in road conditions, or potential dangers. These signs alert drivers to be cautious and prepared for specific situations ahead.

**Orange**: Orange signs are used in work zones. They indicate road work, construction, maintenance, or temporary detours. These signs inform drivers about potential delays and changes in traffic patterns.

Road signs are only a part of the test. The DMV also checks:

- Default speed limits (school zones, neighborhoods, highways)
- When fines are doubled (work zones, school zones, repeat offenses)
- What happens if you don't stop for a school bus or emergency vehicle

All of this is covered, step-by-step, in the **Complete DMV Cheat Sheet**, along with practice questions that match how your state actually asks them.

👉 **To See what's included for your state: Click Here**

# Red Signs

**Yield**
Instructs drivers to give the right of way to oncoming or intersecting traffic. Slow down and be ready to stop to let any vehicle, bicyclist, or pedestrian pass before you proceed

**Do Not Enter**
Indicates entry is prohibited in the specified direction.

**Wrong Way**
Warns drivers that they are traveling in the wrong direction.

**Stop**
Make a full stop before entering the crosswalk or at the limit line. If there is no limit line or crosswalk, stop before entering the intersection. Check traffic in all directions before proceeding.

**Stop All Way**
Drivers from all directions must come to a complete stop and take turns entering the intersection. Drivers must yield to any pedestrians.

**No Bicycles**
Prohibits bicycles from the specified area for safety reasons.

**No Pedestrians**
Indicates that pedestrians are not allowed in the designated area.

**No Trucks**
Trucks are prohibited in the specified area, typically due to road size or safety concerns.

**No Left Turn**
Prohibits vehicles from turning left at the intersection to ensure smooth traffic flow.

**No Right Turn**
Prohibits vehicles from turning right at the intersection to maintain traffic order.

**No U-Turn**
U-turns are not allowed at this location for safety or traffic flow reasons.

**No Parking**
Parking is not allowed in the designated area.

**No Parking Anytime**
Prohibits parking at any time.

# Black & White Regulatory Signs

**Right Turn Only**
Vehicles in the lane with this sign must turn right at the intersection.

**Left Turn Only**
Vehicles in the lane with this sign must turn left at the intersection.

**Go Straight Only**
Vehicles in the lane with this sign must turn continue straight at the intersection.

**Straight or Turn**
Traffic in the indicated lane may continue straight or turn in the direction of the arrow.

**U-Turn Only**
Traffic in the indicated lane must complete a U-turn.

**Left Lane Must Turn Left**
Vehicles in the left lane are required to turn left or make a U turn at the upcoming intersection.

**One Way**
Traffic must flow in only one direction on this road indicated by the arrow.

**One Way**
Traffic must flow in only one direction on this road indicated by the arrow.

**2-Way Left Turn – Center Lane**
Designates a lane for left turns from both directions.

**Stop Here On Red**
Instructs drivers to stop their vehicle at the designated line when the traffic light is red.

**No Turn on Red**
Vehicles are not allowed to make a right turn when the traffic signal is red.

**Divided Highway**
Indicates a road with a physical barrier separating traffic moving in opposite directions.

**Left Turn Yield on Green**
Vehicles turning left must yield to oncoming traffic when the light turns green.

**Left Lane Must Turn Left**
Vehicles in the left lane are required to turn left at the upcoming intersection.

**No Turns**
Prohibits all types of turns, including left, right, and U-turns, ensuring straight traffic flow at the specified location.

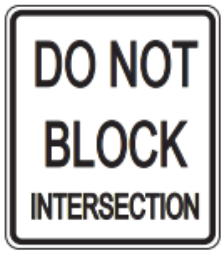
**Two Way Traffic Ahead**
Indicates the end of a divided road, with traffic flowing in both directions.

**Yield To Uphill Traffic**
Advises drivers to yield to vehicles traveling uphill, ensuring safe passage on narrow or steep roads.

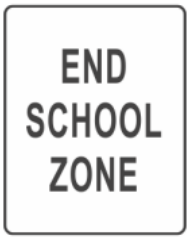
**Left on Green Arrow Only**
Advises drivers to turn left only when the signal shows a Green Left Arrow.

**Do Not Pass**
Passing is prohibited in the indicated area.

**Emergency Parking Only**
Designates specific areas where only emergency vehicles are allowed to park, ensuring quick access during emergencies.




**Do Not Block Intersection**
Instructs drivers not to stop in the intersection, preventing gridlock and ensuring passage for other vehicles.




**End School Zone**
Signifies the end of the school zone, indicating normal speed limits and regulations resume.

**Bike Lane**
Indicates the lane reserved for bicyclists. Passenger vehicles may only enter a bicycle lane when turning.

**HOV Lane**
The lane is reserved during the posted times for vehicles when carrying at the minimum the indicated number of occupants.

**Slower Traffic Keep Right**
Slower-moving traffic should stay in the right lane. The left lane is reserved for faster-moving vehicles to pass slower-moving traffic.

**Slower Traffic Use Turnouts**
You must use a turnout area or lane to let other vehicles pass when you are driving slowly on a two-lane road, where passing is unsafe, and there are five or more vehicles following you.

**Keep Right**
Instructs drivers to stay on the right side of the road

**HOV Lane Ends**
Signifies the end of HOV restrictions on this lane

# Yellow Warning Signs

**Slippery When Wet**
Warns drivers of road conditions that may become hazardous when wet, such as rain or ice.

**Merging Traffic**
Indicates the merging of an additional lane ahead on the roadway.

**Divided Highway**
Indicates the start of a roadway with a median or physical barrier separating opposing lanes of traffic.

**Two Way Traffic**
Indicates the transition from a divided or one-way road to a roadway where traffic flows in both directions.

**Lane Ends**
Indicates that the lane the driver is in will end soon, requiring them to merge into an adjacent lane.

**End Divided Highway**
Marks the point where a divided road with a physical barrier or median ends, and two-way traffic resumes.

**Traffic Signal Ahead**
Warns drivers of an upcoming traffic signal, indicating they should prepare to stop if it's red.

**Pedestrian Crossing**
Indicates a designated area where pedestrians have the right of way to cross the road, warning drivers to yield.

**Added Lane**
Indicates a lane added for merging, allowing drivers to adjust their position on the road.

**Crossroad**
Alerts drivers to an intersection ahead where another road crosses the current road.

**Stop Ahead**
Warns drivers that a stop sign is coming up soon, indicating they should prepare to come to a complete stop.

**Yield Ahead**
Informs drivers that a yield sign is approaching, indicating they should be prepared to yield the right-of-way.

**Directional Arrow**
Provides directional information, guiding drivers on the correct route or lane to take.

**Curve**
Warns drivers of an upcoming curved road, indicating they should anticipate changes in the road's direction.

**Side Road**
Indicates an intersection with a lesser road joining from the side, advising caution.

**Winding Road**
Alerts drivers to a road with many curves and turns, indicating they should be prepared for changes in direction.

**T Intersection**
Indicates a three-way intersection where the road you are on ends, and you must either turn left or right onto the intersecting road.

**Y Intersection**
Similar to a T Intersection, but the road you are on splits into two roads at the intersection, forming a Y shape.

**Chevron**
Chevron signs are used to indicate sharp changes in the direction of the road, such as curves or turns, and provide advance warning to drivers to adjust their speed and approach the curve safely.

**Set of Curves**
Warns of multiple curves in the road, indicating the need for continuous attention, reduced speed, and careful navigation.

**Right Curve with Side Road**
Warns of a right curve in the road with a side road joining from the left, advising caution and possible merging vehicles.

**Left Curve with Side Road**
Warns of a left curve in the road with a side road joining from the right, advising caution and possible merging vehicles

**Shoulder Drop Off / Low Shoulder**
Indicates a sudden drop in the road's shoulder level, advising caution to prevent vehicles from running off the road.

**Soft Shoulder**
Warns that the road's shoulder is unpaved or unstable, advising drivers to avoid stopping or parking on it to prevent accidents or getting stuck.

**Downhill Slope**
Warns drivers of a descending road ahead, indicating the presence of a downhill slope and the need for cautious driving and controlled speed.

**School Zone**
You are near a school. Drive slowly and stop for children in the crosswalk.

**DIP**
Indicates a low, shallow depression or dip in the road, warning drivers to slow down to avoid bottoming out.

**Bump**
Indicates a bump or uneven road surface ahead, cautioning drivers to slow down to avoid discomfort or vehicle damage.

**Road Narrows**
Warns drivers that the roadway narrows, advising drivers to proceed with caution

**Low Clearance**
Warns of a low bridge or underpass ahead, indicating the maximum height vehicles can safely pass through. caution to prevent vehicles from running off the road.

**Deer Crossing**
Alerts drivers to the possibility of deer crossing the road, advising increased vigilance, especially during dawn and dusk.

**Truck Rollover Risk**
Indicates a stretch of road where there is an increased risk of trucks overturning, urging drivers to be cautious, especially when sharing the road with trucks

**Narrow Bridge**
Warns of an upcoming narrow bridge, indicating that the roadway narrows, advising drivers to proceed with caution.

**Farm Equipment**
Warns of slow-moving farm equipment on the road, indicating the need for caution and patience when passing.

**Roundabout Ahead**
Informs drivers of an upcoming roundabout, indicating a circular intersection where traffic moves counterclockwise around a central island.

**Pavement Ends**
Indicates that the paved road is ending, warning drivers of a transition to an unpaved or gravel road.

**Falling Rocks**
Warns of the possibility of falling rocks or debris from the adjacent hillside, advising drivers to be cautious, especially during inclement weather.

**Railroad Crossing**
You are approaching a railroad crossing. Look, listen, slow down, and prepare to stop. Let any trains pass before you proceed.

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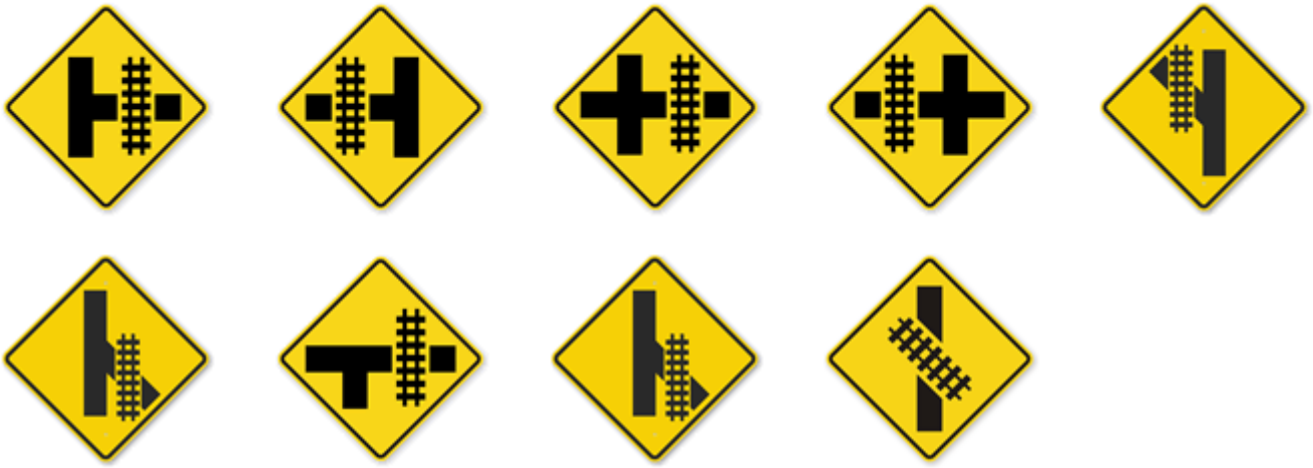
You are approaching a railroad crossing. Look, listen, slow down, and prepare to stop. Let any trains pass before you proceed.

**Railroad Crossing Uneven Grade**
Indicates a railway crossing with an uneven road surface, urging drivers to be cautious due to the varying terrain.

**Highway-Light Rail Crossing Signs**

Indicates an upcoming intersection between a highway and a light rail track, warning drivers to be aware of oncoming trains and adhere to crossing signals for safety.

**** Sign marks exactly where the road and tracks cross**



# Construction Zone Signs

**Road Construction Ahead**

Warns of upcoming road construction, advising drivers to slow down and be prepared for potential delays and lane closures.

**Shoulder Work**

Indicates construction or maintenance work on the road's shoulder, urging drivers to be cautious and maintain a safe distance.

**Road Closed**

Informs drivers that the road ahead is closed, requiring them to take an alternative route.

**Detour Ahead**
Informs drivers of an upcoming detour, guiding them to an alternative route due to road closures or construction activities.

**Flagger Ahead**
Warns of a flagger controlling traffic ahead, indicating potential delays and the need to follow the flagger's instructions.

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Warns of a flagger controlling traffic ahead, indicating potential delays and the need to follow the flagger's instructions.

**Workers Present**
Indicates ongoing road work or construction with active workers on or near the road, advising extreme caution, reduced speed, and careful driving to ensure worker safety.

**Lane Shift**
Indicates an upcoming lane shift or change in the road's alignment, advising drivers to adjust their position as needed.

**End Road Work**
Indicates the end of a road work zone, informing drivers that normal road conditions resume.

# YOU'VE MASTERED THE SIGNS. NOW MASTER THE REST OF YOUR TEST.

You've just completed **Step 1** of your study plan with this Road Signs Cheat Sheet.

To cover everything else the DMV can ask you – in a fraction of the time it takes to read the handbook – move on to:

## STEP 2: The Complete DMV Cheat Sheet + Practice Tests

This is where you go from **"I know the signs"** to **"I'm ready for the entire written test."**

**WHAT YOU GET FOR YOUR STATE**

✓ Complete STATE-SPECIFIC DMV Cheat Sheet

- All major topics organized by section (rules, right-of-way, parking, fines, speed limits, alcohol rules, and more)
- No fluff, just what you need to pass.
- Over 300 Questions cover everything on the REAL Test

✓ Full STATE-SPECIFIC Practice Tests

- Realistic, state-style questions with answers and easy explanations
- Designed so your real written test feels familiar, not scary
- Great for quick quizzes the night before your exam

✓ 2025 Updated

- All materials updated for 2025
- Always current, never outdated.

**READY FOR STEP 2?**

Get instant access to your Complete DMV Cheat Sheet + Practice Tests at:

https://dmv-permit-practice-test.com